

T37

(a) $\lambda \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^d)$, λ má kompaktnú nosič $\Rightarrow \lambda \in \mathcal{G}'$

[V17 (a) $\Rightarrow \exists N_0 \in \mathbb{N}_0 \exists C > 0, \exists P$

$\forall \varphi \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^d) : |\lambda(\varphi)| \leq C \cdot \|\varphi\|_N \leq C \cdot P_N(\varphi)$
a podľa (jeho T36 (5))]

(b) $f \in L^p(\mathbb{R}^d), p \in [1, \infty] \Rightarrow \lambda_f(\varphi) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} f\varphi, \varphi \in \mathcal{G}$
je temper. distribúcia

$\mathcal{G} \subset \bigcap_{\alpha \in \mathbb{N}_0^d} L^\infty(\mathbb{R}^d)$. Tož každé q je distribúcia temper.,

pre $\varphi \in \mathcal{G} \Rightarrow \varphi \in L^\infty \Rightarrow f \cdot \varphi \in L^1 \Rightarrow$ integrál hovoríme, λ_f je dobre def. na \mathcal{G} .

Spôsobnosť: $p=1 \Rightarrow |\lambda_f(\varphi)| \leq \|f\|_1 \|\varphi\|_\infty \leq \|f\|_1 P_1(\varphi)$

$p > 1 \Rightarrow$ zvolme $m \in \mathbb{N}$, že $m \cdot q > \frac{d}{2}$.

Paž funkcia $\frac{1}{(1+\|x\|^2)^m}$ patrí do L^q ,

a tož $\frac{f(x)}{(1+\|x\|^2)^m}$ patrí do L^1

$$|\lambda_f(\varphi)| = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \frac{f(x)}{(1+\|x\|^2)^m} \cdot (1+\|x\|^2)^m \cdot \varphi(x) dx$$

$$\leq \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \left| \frac{f(x)}{(1+\|x\|^2)^m} \right| dx \cdot P_m(\varphi)]$$

(c) f merateľná, e, P polynóm, $|f| \leq |P| \Rightarrow \lambda_f \in \mathcal{G}'$

$\left[m > \frac{d}{2} + \deg P \Rightarrow \frac{P(x)}{(1+\|x\|^2)^m} \right.$ patrí do L^1 , a tož

[zopárkrát s týmto (5)]

(d) μ misura (localement) su $\mathbb{R}^d \Rightarrow \Lambda_\mu \in \mathcal{S}'(\mathbb{R}^d)$

$$\begin{aligned} |\Lambda_\mu(\varphi)| &= \left| \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \varphi d\mu \right| \leq \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} |\varphi| d|\mu| \leq \|\varphi\|_\infty \cdot \|\mu\| \\ &\leq \|\mu\| \cdot P_1(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$

T 38 (a) $\Lambda \in \mathcal{S}'(\mathbb{R}^d) \Rightarrow D^\alpha \Lambda \in \mathcal{S}'(\mathbb{R}^d)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma \varphi_n \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d) &\stackrel{\text{V28(5)}}{\Rightarrow} D^\alpha \varphi_n \rightarrow D^\alpha \varphi \text{ in } \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d) \\ &\Rightarrow \Lambda(D^\alpha \varphi_n) \rightarrow \Lambda(D^\alpha \varphi) \Rightarrow D^\alpha \Lambda(\varphi_n) \rightarrow D^\alpha \Lambda(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$

(5) $f \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ nota f regolare, $\Lambda \in \mathcal{S}'(\mathbb{R}^d) \Rightarrow f \cdot \Lambda \in \mathcal{S}'(\mathbb{R}^d)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma \varphi_n \rightarrow \varphi \text{ in } \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d) &\stackrel{\text{V28(5)}}{\Rightarrow} f \cdot \varphi_n \rightarrow f \cdot \varphi \text{ in } \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d) \\ &\Rightarrow \Lambda(f \cdot \varphi_n) \rightarrow \Lambda(f \cdot \varphi) \Rightarrow f \cdot \Lambda(\varphi_n) \rightarrow f \cdot \Lambda(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$